

he snow in picturesque groups, cooking their food and drying their clothing on the trees.

When the twilight came on we all started down the mountain, everybody on foot, for the path was so steep and slippery that a horse could carry a rider down. A snow storm began before we had gone far and doubled the difficulties.

of the way we slid down like so many school boys, and afterward let ourselves down through the undergrowth, for the road was one solid sheet of ice. Two or three miles this work brought us to the head of the valley and we were over the Balkans, breathless with the exertion of the descent. We paused a moment and shook hands in the darkness and then pushed on to the village, where we slept under a roof as snug as a snail.

turks were twenty miles instead of one mile away. How the cannon came down this hill it is almost impossible to tell, for the road was for a long distance only a gully made by the rain, and the incline was so steep a slipper that it was almost impossible to stand upon the road. However, the four-pounders were in the village at day-break, and the two regiments of the line filed through in the forenoon. Corlak is a small village hidden in

a gorge, and a narrow valley winds through the hills to the plain beyond, a couple of hours' ride distant. At daybreak on the morning of the 12th the Circassian outposts were standing on a little hill scarcely a mile away, and we, as officers with his staff come up and take a look, then gallop away. The brigade of Eban Cosmacks was sent down the valley, and one regiment of infantry to the left, and upon the height to the right. There was little peeping in the valley. The Turks in a little rifle-pit on the hill fired four rounds at our column.

Late last evening the column of Gen. Y. helmöf began to debouch into this, via the decent to Zilava having proved impracticable. These troops have undergone the severest hardships, and report that the station on the mountain was terrible. Soldiers paused for a few moments became indistinguishable from masses of snow. Many started away. All suffered from want of food.

The same correspondent, writing later, describes the assault and capture of the Turkish position which commanded the road to Sophia:—

the 31st, and as this move was planned especially to give the lead to Dondeville, as to complete the chain around the Turks in position near the pass, tidings which reached us late in the evening before the attack, Dondeville's column had failed to cross mountains, and had retired to Etropol, anything but encouraging. The failure of the cross was bad enough, but he had been ordered to leave cannon on the summit, and

artillerymen who remained with the guns were all frozen, and buried in the driving snow, and amongst the infantry the losses were enormous, for there was no shelter on the cold mountain sides, and the snow made a bivouac impossible. So it was with a certain earnestness of resolution that we went forward through the narrow little valley in the light of the early dawn.

The valley was crowded with reserves, the artillery was struggling along the icy slopes, and the infantry were struggling on. We rode to the eastward across the mountain

until we came out upon a height near Tash and there halted to watch the movement for below us lay the whole region in neighborhood of the Turkish positions spread out like a map. The valley and the mountains were covered with snow, the masses of white only broken by little dark spots of irregular shape, where villages stood, part of forest on the slopes, scattered trees along the road and the black straight lines of

Directly over the little village on a rocky peak, was seen plainly the dark line of redoubts, and little camps with tents and lines of infantry filing down the mountains towards the village. Every man could be seen as plainly as black on white could both Turks and Russians, and we waited first gun with the same impatience as watches for the curtain to rise in a theatrical play to be spectators of a drama of

The Russian forces were divided into columns. The extreme right, commanded Gen. Kurlov, was to cross the road and fix the position by advancing over the mountain.

near where the village of Malkoivovo is situated. The next column, and in reality the main force, was to rest on the road, to demonstrate in front, and to turn the Turkish right flank near the village of Danskiol with the five battalions, while another column was to cross the mountains between Danskiol and Gornomeril, and the force of Count Shouvaloff to advance directly upon the rear of the enemy. Shortly after daylight two battalions got in position within easy range of the enemy, and began to work. Gen. Ra-

columns concentrated behind the hill to deploy right and left and the sharp shooters steadily climbed the hill where the redoubts.

We could see them plainly as they slowly up among the rocks and bushes, the Turkish riflemen as they stood there waiting just in front of their earthworks, or three together. The great square battalions of infantry, that stood just beyond the road, began to string out in long lines

All the forenoon the artillery were exchanging shots with the two Turkish batteries. Scattered musketry was heard, and all along in front the batteries from the hill in the rear of the Turks began to fire. Toward noon there was a brisk fusillade on the right. Shortly after it began came the news that

Gen'l Murkovitch was wounded there. The column had met with a stubborn resistance. The Turks in the rifle pits on the mountain were defending their left with determination. A cannon exploded in the Turkish battery over the village, giving the signal for rings of cheers that went up all along the line. — A Rauch's troops, which were joining hands with Karloff on their right, began to move up the hill between the batteries and the village, and

then to attack about 2 o'clock, and just as they went forward down the shore, toward the village, spreading out all over the field, there came on a fog so dense that we could see only distinctly how they rushed into the town. For a while a scattered group went in, the whole field beyond was covered with Turks running away in every direction. The enemy's batteries ceased firing from the hill, and in a few moments the musketry dropped away in a few straggling shots. We were

The village before four o'clock. There were few stray shots falling into the town, a few men were wounded there, for the Turks were still resisting at the Karanla, half a mile up the road; but the position was overruled, and only the blood-stained, powder-blackened snow, and a score or two of dead men showed where the fire had been hottest. In the village were herded hundreds of prisoners. Soldiers were ransacking every house for blood. Country

is to be attended to.

VOL. 11.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1878.

NO. 234.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL. Allan Line.

ROYAL INSURANCE CO. OF LONDON.

Grand Trunk Railway.

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BANKING.

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W. E. W. will pay the highest market prices for all the following articles...

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Daily Intelligence.

NICHOLAS MINTURN.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

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50 cents and \$1 a bottle. Sold by all

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	N431	100	11	70	1	5
13th	N424	100	21	70	1	9
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Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, FEB. 11.

Bills before the Legislature.
A number of bills of public interest, in addition to those introduced in the last session, have been introduced into the Ontario Legislature. We herewith present a summary of their provisions:

MICHIGAN'S LAW.—Mr. O'Donoghue has introduced a bill which provides as follows: Every person doing work upon the construction of a building, or the alteration or repair of any building or structure, shall have a lien upon the same to the extent of the amount due him, and may secure the same by giving the owner an attested acknowledgment and filing a copy of the same in the registry office. The owner is then to notify the contractor of the claim, and may pay it if he fails to do so within three days. If he does not, the contractor may sue for the amount. The claimant appointing an arbitrator, the contractor or owner and these two to be chosen by the owner in writing. The sum paid by the owner in writing to the arbitrator shall be a set-off in any action brought by the contractor against the owner. Any number of claimants may join in one suit. The lien shall attach to all real estate and have priority of all other claims, to the extent by which the value of such property has been increased. The claimant must be made within ninety days after the work has been completed. The amount may be recovered by summary procedure before the County Judge, where the sum is within the jurisdiction of the County or Division Court. In other cases the lien may be recovered by ordinary proceedings in Chancery. No portion of the property affected or machinery therein shall be removed to the prejudice of the lien, and any attempt to do so may be restrained by application to the Judge of the Court having jurisdiction.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.—Hon. Mr. Harby's bill provides that the Departmental staff of the Civil Service at the seat of Government shall consist of two divisions—ordinary and special. The special division shall consist of officers and clerks, and include all offices which require men usually acquired only by some professional or other pursuit, different from the Civil Service. The ordinary division shall consist of deputy heads of departments, officers or chief clerks. In the ordinary division there shall be four classes of clerks. A fourth class clerk shall receive not more than \$400 for his first year's service as such, and may thereafter have an annual increase of fifty dollars per annum until his salary is \$600 per annum, but he shall be eligible for promotion into the third class until after four years' service in the fourth class. A third class clerk not more than \$700 for his first year's service, and may thereafter have an annual increase of fifty dollars until his salary is \$1,000 per annum, but he shall be eligible for promotion into the second class, until after five years' service in the third class. A second class clerk not more than \$1,000 for his first year's service, and may thereafter have an annual increase of fifty dollars until his salary is \$1,200 per annum, but he shall be eligible for promotion into the first class at the expiration of five years' service in the second class. A first class clerk not more than \$1,200 per annum, and may have an annual increase of fifty dollars per annum until his salary is \$1,400 per annum, but he shall be eligible for promotion at any time of his service. No clerk shall have an absolute right to the annual increase of salary authorized, which may be suspended and subsequently restored by the head of the department, without payment of arrears. Officers and clerks in the Special Division shall receive such salaries respectively as may be assigned to them by Order in Council, and no appointment or promotion shall be made except under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, upon the recommendation of the Head of the Department in which it is to be made. Every appointment, whether by commission or otherwise, shall be during pleasure. All appointments shall be subject to a probation of six months, and pass a competitive examination. No person may be appointed Sheriff, Registrar or Clerk of a County Court, until after passing an examination before the County Judge or other person appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor, and no one may be appointed to such offices without a certificate from the Judge or examiners that he has been examined and is qualified.

THE MINISTERS.—Mr. Mowat has introduced a Bill respecting the Ministers, which provides that the Judges of all the Superior Courts of law and equity shall be ex-officio Justices of the Peace for every county and part of Ontario. No action or suit shall be brought against any Judge, magistrate or officer for anything done by him on the supposed authority of a statute which may have been beyond the jurisdiction of the Legislature of Ontario or Parliament of Canada, provided such action or suit would not lie against him if the statute had not been introduced, and this provision is made retrospective. Justices of the Peace are to be entitled to a fee of 50 cents for hearing and determining a case. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may temporarily appoint a Police Magistrate for any County or part of a County when he deems it necessary for the due administration of justice; the appointee to have the same functions and powers as a Justice of the Peace, and to hold office during pleasure, and without salary, unless the County or municipal Council so fit to appropriate a salary. No other Justice of the Peace shall be called in any manner with the proceedings had before such Police Magistrate, except at the general sessions or in the case of the illness or absence, or at the request of the Police Magistrate. Such Police Magistrate may sit alone with the power of two Justices. He may try offences against County and municipal laws, impose penalties for refusing to accept office or

to make the necessary declaration of qualification and office, and it shall not be necessary for him to be a resident in the district for which he holds office.

DIVISION COURT.—Hon. Mr. Currie's bill to amend the Division Court Act gives jurisdiction where the claim does not exceed \$500, in cases in which the amount of the demand is ascertained by the signature of the defendant.

JURORS.—Mr. Monk's bill to amend the Juror Act provides that the names of the persons selected to serve as Grand or Petit Jurors shall be transferred to the jury book in alphabetical order, without regard to residence, for the purpose of more equally distributing the burden of attending the County Court, and that the names of the several municipalities shall be drawn by lot.

PUBLIC SCHOOL INSPECTORS.—A short bill of Mr. Hay's renders Public School Inspectors ineligible as members of the House of Commons or Provincial Assembly, and forbids their active interference in election contests for such offices. Mr. Hay intends this to suit his own locality, but as the Inspectors are local and not Provincial officers, we question whether the Legislature has any power to interfere with the Inspectors in the same proposed by this Act.

RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS ACT.—A bill which Hon. Mr. Crooks has introduced provides for the extension to the Church of England of the Act respecting the property of religious institutions. Land may now be sold, however, without the consent of the vestry, of the Bishop and of the Executive Committee of the Synod of the Diocese.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—Mr. Ross has again brought forward his bill regarding the election of School Trustees in Cities, Towns and Villages, which makes provision for the nomination and election of Public School Trustees concurrently with those of the Municipal Councils. This measure was defeated last session, and we doubt not that it will meet the same fate this year, as the proposition is altogether objectionable.

FOREST FIRES.—An Act to preserve the forests from destruction by fire, (Hon. Mr. Farley) provides that the Lieutenant-Governor may by proclamation in writing, or by Order in Council, declare any portion of the Province a fire district. It shall not be lawful for any person to set out, or cause to be set out or started, any fire in or near any forest, or in any fire district, between the first day of May and the first day of September in any year, except for the purpose of clearing land, cooking, obtaining water, or for some industrial purpose. Every reasonable precaution must be taken by persons starting fires for the purpose of clearing land, to prevent the spread of the fire to other places. Every person who shall between the first day of May and the first day of September, make or start within such fire district a fire in the forest, or at a distance of less than half a mile therefrom, for cooking, obtaining water, or for other industrial purpose, shall be liable to a fine in the neighborhood in which there is the smallest quantity of vegetable matter, dead wood, brush, or brushwood, or any other combustible material, in a clearing, in which he is to light the fire by removing all vegetable matter, dead trees, brushwood, and dead leaves from the soil within a radius of twenty feet, and to examine and observe every reasonable care and precaution to prevent such fire from spreading, and carefully extinguish the fire before quitting the place. Any person who shall set out or start, or cause any burning match, stick of pipe, lighted cigar or any other burning substance, or who shall discharge any fire-arm within such fire district, shall be liable to the same penalties imposed by the Act. If he neglects to extinguish before leaving the spot the fire of such match, stick of pipe, cigar, or the fire-arm or other burning substance, he shall be liable to a fine in charge of any driver of timber, survey or exploring party, or of any other party requiring camp-fires for cooking or other purposes within such fire district, shall provide himself with a copy of the Act, and shall call his men together and explain to them at least once in each week the provisions of such Act or service. It shall not be lawful for any person to employ any locomotive or the conductor of any railway train upon any railroad, to run such locomotive within any part of such fire district between the first day of May and the first day of September in any year, unless the smoke-stack of such locomotive shall be completely and securely covered by a good and sufficient fireproof sheet, the mouth of which shall not be larger than 18 inches. Offenders are liable, upon conviction before a Justice of the Peace, to a fine not exceeding \$500, or to imprisonment in the common jail for not more than three months. The fines shall be payable, one half to the complainant and the other half to the Treasurer of the Province. This is a most important measure, but the difficulty will be to carry it out, without any constabulary in the rural districts.

MORE MINERAL DISCOVERIES.—A Company has been formed in the name of the "Ontario Copper and Iron Mining Company," to sink a shaft with the object of finding out whether there is copper in the place. A sulphur of iron has also been found mixed with the copper, yielding from 10 to 15 per cent. of pure iron. These discoveries will enable the owner to work the place for a while the other day through sinking a well.

STROGGIN.—A telegram from Whitley says that Mrs. Stroggin, wife of Mr. James Stroggin, of Port Hope, was found dead in the cellar of her house last evening. She was in attendance upon a sick girl, and went to the cellar about half-past eight o'clock to get some water. Afterwards she found her husband was dead, and the smell of smoke, and found flames issuing from the cellar. Rushing through the smoke and flames, he dragged out the lifeless body of his wife. It is supposed the unfortunate woman lit a match to light a candle, and threw it away among some rubbish, which ignited at once, and in her endeavor to extinguish it she was overcome by the smoke and flames. The body was somewhat burned. The deceased was the mother of a large family. The fire was afterwards extinguished.

News Condensed.

General Garibaldi is in Ottawa.

The Drawing Room held by Lord and Lady Dufferin on Friday evening was the most brilliant ever held by their Excellencies.

The Ecclesiastical Commissioners of the Province of Ontario have granted a grant of \$10,000 to the 27th inst., at Ottawa.

The traffic receipts of the Great Western Railway for the month ending Jan. 31, 1878, are \$1,075,675.62 for the same period last year, and \$1,081,811.81 for the same period this year.

The Continental Bank Note Company has entered an action against the United States for the value of a hundred and sixty-nine stamps.

Contributions to the Centenary Church, Hamilton, Ont., on Sunday and Monday last, including Sunday-school collections, reached \$2,000.

On Friday, N. Y., on the 10th, destroyed the Times building and a large number of other buildings to the extent of two hundred and thousand dollars. A general advance was made on the 10th, with the exception of the Kaffres, who were completely defeated with heavy loss.

Ann Smith, a young unmarried woman of Perth, Ont., has been found guilty by a coroner's jury of having murdered her infant and placed it in a pail of water in the house of a man named Boulter.

A child fell into a hot water bath at Hamilton on the 2nd inst., and was frightfully scalded. The little sufferer lingered in terrible pain till the 8th inst., when death put an end to his sufferings.

The hardware works of John Smith at Rockville, were destroyed by fire on Sunday, the 10th inst. The loss is estimated at \$20,000. One hundred and twenty-five hands are thrown out of employment.

Two arches of the iron bridge over the Schuylkill River at South-east, Philadelphia, fell on the 10th inst. The bridge was engaged at the time of the accident in shipping a defective arch, but was warned in time. Loss \$100,000. The entire bridge cost \$750,000.

Advices from Chicago state that the elevators there contain 1,380,916 bushels of wheat, 679,767 bushels of corn, 313,294 bushels of barley, 181,417 bushels of rye and 758,848 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 2,518,388 bushels, against 2,529,356 bushels a week ago and 3,040,106 bushels at this period a year ago.

Latest from Manitoba.

The Standard says that the Red River Transportation Company intends placing the company's line of telegraph in the hands of the coming spring, to run between the La Prairie and Winnipeg, the proposed line to be twenty-five miles long. The same paper says that the track is to be laid on the 10th inst. in the spring, and that Julius Muskeg will soon be reached. Data are now being in Winnipeg, at 30 per bushel cash, wheat about 60c. The Hudson Bay Company are paying 70c, one-third in cash, and the balance in goods. It is reported that 2,000 cattle will leave Manitoba this spring, and that the price of the stock of snow in the prairie has caused a rise of 40 cents in the price of lumber here.

Mr. F. Braun advocates for tenders by the 1st of March for the bridging, track laying, etc., necessary to complete the 63 mile branch from the terminus of the St. Boniface and Nelson. Also for tenders by the 1st of February for aqueduct and distillery timber for the same purpose.

The *Evening Standard* on the above, says:—We have had good reason to believe that the portion of the road at Minnesota uncompleted will be built during the coming season. The contract for this line is not yet awarded.

The Governor General.
Now that the term of office of the present popular Governor General is at the point of expiration, every person who is called upon to give the names of his predecessors. Lord Sydenham filled the office Feb. 10, 1841 to 10th September 1841. Sir George Arthur, Governor General, 1841 to 1842. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1842 to 1843. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1843 to 1844. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1844 to 1845. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1845 to 1846. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1846 to 1847. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1847 to 1848. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1848 to 1849. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1849 to 1850. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1850 to 1851. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1851 to 1852. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1852 to 1853. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1853 to 1854. Sir John A. 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Macdonald, Governor General, 1872 to 1873. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1873 to 1874. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1874 to 1875. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1875 to 1876. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1876 to 1877. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1877 to 1878. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1878 to 1879. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1879 to 1880. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1880 to 1881. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1881 to 1882. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1882 to 1883. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1883 to 1884. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1884 to 1885. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1885 to 1886. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1886 to 1887. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1887 to 1888. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1888 to 1889. Sir John A. Macdonald, Governor General, 1889 to 1890. Sir John A. 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A. & S. NORDHEIMER,

SOLE AGENTS for the Dominion for the

CELEBRATED PIANO FORTES

of

Second-hand Instruments taken in exchange.

Terms and prices liberal. Letters promptly attended to.

17031st

HULL & SOOTNEY,
GENERAL
COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
 No. 346 North Water Street,
 PHILADELPHIA.

WE will pay the highest market price for all of the following articles, or we will

pay you on five per cent. commission for the sale of your stock, or we will

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Business Directory.

Flint & Jelliff,
 (Solicitors for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.)

BALLETIN, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, etc., Belleville, Ont.

JOHN S. PLATT, MORGAN JELLY.

DELANEY & OSTRUM,
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B

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

MONDAY, FEB. 12, 1878.

GOING WEST.

No. 2, Day Express, 6:00 a.m.

No. 4, Morning Express, 6:30 a.m.

No. 6, Mixed, 7:00 a.m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express, 12:05 p.m.

No. 3, Night Express, 12:25 p.m.

No. 5, Mixed, 1:00 p.m.

No. 7, Mixed, 1:30 p.m.

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-

seasoned places at the hours named.

For Stirling, Daily, at 8 a.m., and at 2 p.m.

For Montreal, Daily, at 2 p.m.

For Thunder Bay, Daily, at 2 p.m.

For Toronto, Daily, at 3 p.m.

The stages arrive at Belleville about noon each day.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, TUESDAY, FEB. 12.

City and Vicinity.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—A regular meet-

ing of the Board will be held this evening at the usual hour.

DRUG BOARD.—The Rev. J. Burton

will conduct the Reading on to-morrow

(Wednesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, in the

hall of "Daniel's Band." A hearty in-

vitation is extended to all. Free.

Best family flour at \$2.50 per 100 lbs

at H. Corry, Jr., flour and feed store.

He also sells all kinds of feed at the prop-

rietary low rates. Indw.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.—Eleven cases di-

rect of the latest American hats and caps,

and 5 cases of the latest English stuffs and

cloths at Hyman's, opposite Consoli-

dated Bank.

EYE AND EAR.—It will be seen by ad-

vertisement that Dr. J. D. Stewart, the

celebrated oculist and aurist, is to visit Bel-

leville again. He will remain at room No.

43, Duff House, for two weeks, commencing

on Monday, 4th of February. d&w

BUSINESS.—The snow has brightened up

business a little, the attendance on the

market today being larger than for several

days past, and the roads improve with the

travel a still more beneficial change will be

wrought.

SKATING.—With the recent change in the

weather, skating has again been largely

indulged in at the rink on Pinnacle Street,

which has been well filled on Friday night.

Mr. Bonner intends giving another carnival at

an early date, provided the weather con-

ditions favorable.

BELLEVILLE DAILY NEWS.—We have received

the first number of this new daily, which

is a sprightly and well arranged sheet of 24

columns, a portion of which is printed in

German. The News professes indepen-

dence of party and advocates protection of

home industries. It is deserving of suc-

cess.

FURNISHING.—The lumbermen will, now

that they have snow roads again, push on

their operations with vigor. A large quan-

tity of saw logs have been cut and a con-

siderable amount of timber made, and the

drawing of this the lakes and rivers will

furnish employment for a month or more

to come.

BEFORE STOCK TAKING, James Hendry

wishes to clear out all the odds and ends

of Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloths, Flannels,

Woolens, Prints, Cottons, Steam Looms,

Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Towellings, Tick-

ings, Table Linens, &c. &c. &c. of James

Robertson's Bankrupt Stock, at whatever

prices they will bring, before taking stock.

Note the address, Robertson & Company's

old stand—Jas. Hendry, Dealer in Bank-

rupt Stock. d&w

"THE CANADA OF OURS."—The "Detroit

Free Press" has the following article: "Do-

ing nothing that the Canadians are rather touchy

upon the ignorance which Englishmen have

of the Canadian Dominion. The leading

Canadian journals often rebuke the Times,

Telegraph and other London journals, on

their lack of knowledge on Canadian polit-

ical matters, and provincial geographical

learning seems to be just as scant even in

well educated 'lat ones.' A firm in Ham-

ilton, it is, are sorely grieved just now be-

cause a company in Liverpool have had the

idea that one of the company's agents was

to visit Canada and would land at Quebec.

The English writer asked the Hamilton firm

to be kind enough to send a conveyance to

THE EASTERN WAR.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The orders which have

been issued by the British Government in re-

gard to the Eastern war, have caused some

excitement in the journalistic community but it does

not appear to be of a serious nature.

EDUCATIONAL.—The South Hastings

Technical Institute will hold its annual

meeting on Friday and Saturday next. Dr.

J. A. Macdonald, of Canada's Elements, will

be present, and in addition to taking part

in the work of the Institute, will on

Friday evening, in the City Hall, deliver a

public lecture on "Canada's Elements of

National Power." The learned Doctor has

delivered the same lecture at other places,

where he has been warmly received. Ad-

mission to the lecture will be free. We

hope to see a large attendance.

LECTURE.—On Tuesday evening next

Rev. C. A. Doucet, of Montreal, will de-

liver a lecture on the murder of Thomas

Lett Hackett on the 12th of July 1877. The

Rev. gentleman is an able speaker, and be-

ing thoroughly conversant with all the facts

of the case, his discourse cannot fail to be

both interesting and instructive. The

lecture, which will be under the auspices of

the B. K. Association, will be delivered in

the Metropolitan Hall, Toronto, at 8 o'clock.

The Rev. gentleman will be accompanied by

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hall. The eagle eyes of aroused maternity were upon them, peering out through crack in the door of the butler's pantry.

quiet self-assurance, his affectionate and familiar demeanor, his unruffled and satisfied expression, filled her with rage. His quickened heart jarred the door, while his half suspended breathing and trembling excitement threatened apoplexy.

"This was too much. She opened the door, and stamped bravely and swiftly toward them, exclaiming: "See here! here, young man! That won't do! I want you to understand that you can't come here and trample on my hospitalities in this way. You're a pretty man to make speech to a jury about snakes and incendiaries! Yes! I should think so!"

"Mother-in-law, what is the matter Mrs. Coates screamed as if a knife been driven to her heart. The faithful rushed to the door, threw it open, and covered Glezen absorbed in the effort keep Mrs. Coates from falling, while J. was fanning her, and saying:

Glezen led the distracted woman into the drawing-room where Jenny lay at her side, and, with quiet words endeavored to restore her to self-control.

Glezen, meantime, had imparted the secret of the strange exhibition to Coates, who sat in his chair, and shook his head at great internal convulsions. They had been profound, for they did not reach the surface. He sat and regarded his partner of his joys and sorrows, his working strangely, and the spasms of

"W-wife," said he, "d-didn't you tell it? I must have f-forgotten to y-tell I've kn-own it these th-ree months."

Then Mrs. Coates cried. It is the straw that breaks the camel's back. I think that the matter had been settling

three months, and that she had not informed of it, to think that the path blessing had been sought and secured, and that she had been consulting her, to think that this secret had been carried around locked in the cruel bosom of husband and daughter, and last of all, to think that she made such a fool of herself, was too much for her motherly, not to say wifely responsibilities, and she wept real tears—tears that might have been given in a bottle—of feeling that even the sun of happiness could not dissipate—rains that the wind could not dissipate—winds of satisfaction could not dissipate.

"I think it's mean of you all," she claimed, when she got her voice moment.

"M-my dear," said Mr. Coates, y-young p-people d-didn't want it p-public."

Jenny saw her mother safely through worst of it, and then rose and received hearty and most affectionate congratulations of Nicholas and Grace, while G stood with Mr. Coates and watched proceedings.

After a thunder-storm has spent its thundersome period of sweet still-

When the tempest in the bosom of Coates had subsided, something like a natural change and providential miracle occurred. The birds did not sing, pe but there were pleasant voices around and the still rain went on. She could stop weeping. She did not wish to. The tears depleted the humors of her weakened brain and as they were poured

away she was conscious of a great happy
dawning within her. To do the good
man justice, she knew that she could
have kept the secret if it had been im-
posed to her. What mattered it so long
no one else had known it?

But still she cried. The clouds
exhaustless, and the clear blue sky
taken to raining.

"W-wife," said Mr. Coates, "what
you e-crying for!"

"Humph!" exclaimed Mrs. Coates,
all very well for you to talk that way,
and little know the feelings of a

The equanimity of Mr. Coates was utterly destroyed. The sudden and unexpected in Mrs. Coates's feelings—or rather 'change of base'—took him off his guard, and he burst into a 'ho! oh! so violently spasmodic that every syllable though engendered in his sense of humor was brought forth in pain. The occurrence was so unusual that Mrs. Coates actually smiled; and then they all laughed together. The corners of Mrs. Coates's mouth had been drawn down for so many

TO BE CONTINUED.

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.

It is the duty of every person who used BOECHER'S GERMAN SYRUP to let wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia,

person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and consider it the duty of all Druggists to commend it to the poor dying consumptive at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 do. Bottles were sold last year, and not one where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the GERMAN SYRUP cannot be widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample Bottles to try sold at 10 cts. Regular size 75 cts. For sale by L. Yeomans & Co., or James Clarke Co. 2d &

in the country, and asked: "Who is master of this house?" "I am, sir," replied the landlord. "My wife has been dead about three weeks."

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

MONDAY, Nov. 12, 1877.

No. 2, Day Express 6:40 p. m.
No. 4, Morning Express 8:00 a. m.
No. 6, Evening Express 8:15 p. m.
No. 8, Night Express 12:20 a. m.
No. 10, Morning Express 6:40 a. m.
No. 12, Evening Express 8:15 p. m.
No. 14, Night Express 12:20 a. m.

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the unnumbered places at the hours named:

For **BRIDGEMAN**—Daily, at 8 a. m., and 2 p. m.

For **MANITOBA**—Daily, at 8 a. m., and 2 p. m.

For **BRIDGEMAN, TRENCH, and Daily**, at 8 a. m., and 2 p. m.

For **TRENCH**—Daily, at 3 p. m.

For **ST. JAMES**—Daily, at 11 a. m.

The stages arrive in Belleville about noon each day.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 13.

City and Vicinity.

SKATING CARNIVAL.—It will be seen by advertisement that a skating carnival will be held in the rink on Tuesday night.

POSTPONED.—The inquest on the body of the infant found in the river was postponed again last night, but it was further adjourned until to-night.

ICE.—The ice dealers have commenced to store their usual supply for the summer season. The ice seems to be of the usual quality and about eighteen inches in thickness.

FEET.—The family foot at \$2.50 per 100 lbs. at H. Corby, Jr., and foot store. He also sells all kinds of feet at proportionately low rates. Indw.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.—Eleven cases direct of the latest American hats and caps, and a case of the latest English stiffs and cloth hats at Hyman's, opposite Consolidated Bank.

EYE AND EAR.—It will be seen by advertisement that Dr. J. D. St. John, oculist and aurist, is to visit Belleville on Wednesday. He will remain at room No. 43, D'Arce House, for two weeks, commencing on Monday, 4th of February. d&w

PARDON MY LOVER.—In the Court of Appeal, Toronto, Mr. Bethune, Q. C., for plaintiff, asked the motion to stand for a week. Mr. Maclean, Q. C., and Mr. Dickson for the defendant. Motion stood for two weeks. Plaintiff's affidavit in reply to be served.

ANNIVERSARY.—In nineteenth anniversary of the establishment of the Workingmen's Temperance Association in this city will be celebrated by a musical and literary entertainment in their Hall to-morrow evening. Good taken has been secured, and a capital programme may be relied upon to be served.

DESTITUTE.—The Montreal Witness of Tuesday says: "A destitute young woman from Belleville with a six weeks old babe, came to the police office this afternoon, and stated she had been deserted by her husband, had no friends nor means, and had been sent by the care of Belleville to the police office, where she refused her admittance."

BREKERS STOCK TAKING. James Hennessy wishes to clear out all the odds and ends of Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloths, Flannels, Hosiery, Prints, Cottons, Steam Looms, Wineries, Gloves, Scarfs, Towellings, Tickings, Table Linens, &c. &c. &c. of James Robertson's Bankrupt Stock, at whatever prices they will bring, before taking stock. Note the address, Robertson & Empoy's old stand.—Jas. Hennessy, Dealer in Bankrupt Stocks. d&w

BRIEF SOCIETY RECORDED.—The Monthly Recorder for February is received and contains among other very interesting matter an article upon the work of the Society among the Russian and Turkish armies. The Recorder is given free to members and friends of the Society. To be had at the depository, L. W. Yeoman & Co., Front opposite Hotel Street.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.—To-morrow will occur the anniversary of the saint who has been more tender to the post office employees than all the other saints in calendar. Missives tender and satirical will be forwarded in thousands, as usual, and doubtless the receipt of these will bring joy to many and annoyance to not a few. So runs the world away.

LOCAL PROMOTION.—A despatch from Ottawa says: "The proposed liquor legislation is stated to be in the way of an improved Permissive Bill, selling to be entirely prohibited, there being no five gallon cases. Every local authority, from villages up to provinces, are to be taken into consideration. The vote is to be by ballot, with only one day's polling, and the subdivisions of municipalities are to be the same as in other elections. The Bill is to be brought down in the Senate, and is in the hands of Mr. Scott."

COUNTY VALUATORS.—Mr. Calvin has a Bill before the Legislature proposing to abolish the power of County Councils to appoint County Valuers. This is a step in the wrong direction, as periodical revision of the assessment in rural districts is a necessity, and the services of disinterested and impartial persons are necessary in such cases. To do away with this safeguard would leave the door open for every species of dishonest practice on the part of the representative of minor municipalities who desired to lessen taxation by securing a low equalization, which dishonest course can always be checked by securing a fair valuation by gentlemen chosen by the County Council. The tendency at present is too much in the direction of understating values, in the mistaken idea that taxation is thereby lowered. Better by far have the values assessed at the rate paid, and let the true position of affairs go forth

to the world, thereby showing the exact position of the country. Without the County Councils have the power of appointing Valuers this is not likely to be done.

A SCHOOL FOR COLEMAN WARD.—The Board of Education last night, by the very large majority of 13 to 4, decided to erect a school house in Coleman Ward, at a Primary School. The cost of building and site is estimated at \$8,000. This action had become a necessity, owing to the large increase in the population of the Ward during the last few years, and the fact that people living north of the railroad bridge are obliged to send their children a mile or more to school, and even at that distance children were obliged daily to run the danger of crossing the railroad bridge and returning daily. The Board have done justice in the premises, and are entitled to credit for so doing.

News Condensed.

—Marie Anne Dupre, died in Quebec on the 12th inst. 11 years.

—The Grand Orgue of Young Britain is in session at Ottawa.

—The first cargo of new-crop Cuba molasses has arrived at Halifax, N. S.

—Mr. Ross cancelled his meeting in Ottawa on the 12th inst.

—Dr. Alexander Duff, the Scottish missionary, is dead.

—The Pacific Railway line has reached the Julius mounds.

—A number of ladies and gentlemen left Toronto to attend the great ball at Montreal.

—A young man, named Morrison, of Kingston, was waylaid on the night of the 9th inst. and robbed of his watch and money.

—The Masonic Board of General Purposes holds its semi-annual meeting in Kingston, commencing on the 12th inst.

—Ten thousand dollars were distributed to the poor of Havana on Monday, during the royal wedding festivities.

—The reported discovery of a nugget yield on the south branch of the Saskatchewan is said to be apparently confirmed.

—The Washington House Committee on Territories has reported adversely on the proposed establishment of a Territory of Panama.

—Edward Penny, baggage-man on the Hamilton and North Western Railway, fell off a train on the 11th inst., near Barrie, and was killed.

—The Ottawa Free Press says: "It is not probable that a successor to Hon. Mr. Blake, as President of the conference, will be appointed during the present session."

—The Michigan Central Railroad earned for the month of January just past \$343,876, being an increase of \$79,825 over the same month last year.

—Sergeant Joseph M. Taylor, a veteran of the British service, a native of Ballarat, and a resident of Amherstburg for the past 28 years, died in that place last week, aged 75 years.

—A sun and snow mirage at Memphis caused a fleet of barges a few miles below the city to be seen as in a floating condition. They were sent to aid the supposed distressed fleet, but nothing was found.

—The Northwestern miners' strike is at an end, the men having accepted the twelve and a half per cent. reduction. The Wigan weavers now treat a strike owing to a proposed small reduction of wages.

—A despatch from Winnipeg mentions a rumor to the effect that the Local Legislature is throwing obstacles in the way of the Canadian Commission investigating the alleged frauds and irregularities in the Indian Office.

—A denunciation of French half-breeds has arrived at Battledore to urge the appointment of one of their race as Governor. It is now that making of advances to their people to enable them to buy cattle and settle down.

—The Pull Mail Gazette yesterday afternoon expressed the expectation that the Government would seek permission to enter the Danubian by means of a formal pledge that the British fleet should have no other business than Constantinople, except that declared in Lord Derby's statement on Friday.

—The Gazette considered this about as perilous and humiliating a position as possible. It declared it to be the imperative duty of the Ministry to redeem the country from this position at any cost, and demanded such redress of the situation as to leave no doubt that it is like the country of one mind.

—The Times Vienna despatch says: "What looked yesterday merely probable seems to-day pretty certain, namely that the entry of the British fleet into the Danubian has become the subject of negotiations ostensibly between the British Government and the Porte, but in reality through the Porte between England and Russia."

—The Times says however desirable, a compromise can only be based upon the re-establishment of some degree of neutrality in the Balkans. It still depends upon Russia to take the first step.

—London, Feb. 13.—The London correspondence yesterday stated that the outbreak of the militia will soon be called out and two corvettes in American waters have been ordered to join the Mediterranean squadron.

—Boston, Feb. 13.—The Anti-Slavery Standard Union has been elected the Catholic powers have just intimated to the Congress, that if some Cardinals known names were likely to be elected to the office of the Conclave, the ambassadors would be compelled to oppose their election. The Congress found in the Pope's card a solid pocket to which they were likely to be elected, the destination of which is probably designated by the Pope's testament.

—The Pope's testament named 120,000,000 lire, mostly in the hands of the Rothschild of Paris.

THE EASTERN WAR.
MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—A Constantinople despatch states that Yefy Edinoff, in the Turkish Fleet yesterday, replying to the demand which urged him to act with moderation to ward off the Russian promises to consider the representations.

In the House of Lords this afternoon Lord Derby and he hoped to inform the House on Thursday that the fleet is before Constantinople. France and Italy have suggested their movement towards sending their fleet, which would be the first step towards a blockade. Regarding Austria, he only knew that he had asked for a firm. The only difficulty regarding the Conference was the place of meeting, which he believed would be overruled.

In the House of Commons to-night (Tuesday) the First Lord of the Admiralty stated that the fleet was not sent to Constantinople. Lord Derby were clear and distinct, and content on the Government's responsibility, but it would be inconsistent with his duty to state the nature.

It is understood that Admiral Horley is instructed to force the Dardanelles, with, if necessary, the whole of his fleet of ironclads. The matter caused a long discussion in today's Cabinet Council.

A Paris despatch reports that the English Channel squadron has arrived at Vigo.

At Portsmouth dockyard over 3,000 men are working overtime. Although 500 fresh hands have already been engaged since Saturday, considerable numbers are still being recruited. The Lords of the Admiralty have not limited the dockyard authorities with regard to money, but have expressed a desire that not a man should be sent to sea in a ship until he is fit to do so.

The Post announces that from twenty to thirty members of Parliament specially interested in the Eastern crisis met yesterday and decided to organize a meeting of Conservative members to assure the Government of support in the firm, united policy which they regard as the only one for securing peace.

The meeting expressed the strongest confidence in Lord Beaconsfield. Subsequently in the House of Commons the Government received the address of 50 to 60 members. Almost unanimously Sir Lawrence Palk was elected chairman.

A Vienna despatch says: "It is reported that the Powers for the admission of a Vienna conference, and the French and Italian have rescinded the orders to their Ambassadors to obtain firmans, because the Ambassadors informed them that there was no acknowledgment of any thing endangering life and property. Austria has not rescinded her order."

The Standard says: "We have reason to believe that the Porte will not much longer without the admission of the British fleet, but its conclusion will not moderate the situation."

The article, which is very warlike, concludes: "We have power to bring Russia to naught and reduce overbearing force to practice, and the other arguments are exhausted we will not hesitate to employ it."

A Port correspondent believes that the British fleet has been ordered to proceed up the straits. He does not apprehend that the Porte will carry out any active resistance.

A St. Petersburg despatch states that both the press and public highly approve of France's telegraphic telegram to the British Government, declaring that as Great Britain and other Powers had determined to send fleets for the protection of their subjects in Constantinople, Russia would be obliged to comply with the order of her fleet to enter Constantinople for the protection of the Christian residents.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Chas. Braslay and Mrs. Besant, sentenced last June for printing and circulating pamphlets, have been released, the court of errors deciding that the omission of objectionable words is fatal to the indictment.

ATTERDOWN DISPATCHES.
Reported Resignation of Lord Derby.

Continued Excitement in London.

THE PACAPY.
MORE WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—It is reported that Lord Derby has resigned in consequence of the Ministry having resolved to force, if necessary, the passage of the Dardanelles.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Last night's announcements in Parliament have not appreciably relieved the tension or diminished the excitement.

The Pull Mail Gazette yesterday afternoon expressed the expectation that the Government would seek permission to enter the Danubian by means of a formal pledge that the British fleet should have no other business than Constantinople, except that declared in Lord Derby's statement on Friday.

The Gazette considered this about as perilous and humiliating a position as possible. It declared it to be the imperative duty of the Ministry to redeem the country from this position at any cost, and demanded such redress of the situation as to leave no doubt that it is like the country of one mind.

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—The Pope's testament named 120,000,000 lire, mostly in the hands of the Rothschild of Paris.

—New York, Feb. 13.—The Tribune says a new schedule for railway rates will be put into effect to-day, will lower the rates to 80 per cent of the first class, and to 45 to 40 per cent of the second class. At the Conference of railway Presidents held in New York, the rate was reduced to 80 per cent of the first class, and to 45 to 40 per cent of the second class. At the Conference of railway Presidents held in New York, the rate was reduced to 80 per cent of the first class, and to 45 to 40 per cent of the second class.

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The Latest.
THE FLEET AGAIN ORDERED TO THE DARDANELLES.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Orders for the English fleet to proceed to Constantinople have been repeated.

Still Later.
—Exciting Rumors.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The announcement that the British fleet has been ordered to force its way to Constantinople, and that in consequence Lord Derby had resigned, caused immense excitement.

It is rumored that the Turkish fleet have been ordered to resist, and prevent the passage of the English ships, and the Russian fleet are marching into Constantinople and great excitement and confusion. Nothing definite, however, as to the truth of these rumors has been received.

BOSTON, Feb. 13.—The failure of Wm. U. Spenser, Massachusetts, reported by Wm. Upham is one of the heaviest manufacturing failures of the year. The failure involves many leading houses in Boston and New England.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—In the Senate Mr. Hamlin, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported adversely on the petition asking an appropriation from the Chinese indemnity fund to aid persons in China suffering from famine. He said that the Committee was unanimously of opinion that it was utterly impossible to give any relief to sufferers, and besides, any attempt to devote the Chinese indemnity fund to that purpose would lead to the ruin of the fund.

Mr. Sargent, from the Committee on naval affairs, reported with an amendment to the bill to equip an expedition to the Arctic sea, known as the Hovgaard bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The official report of the *Albatross* disaster stated that her loss is so apparent that there is but one opinion as to her unaccountable absence. An increase of life saving stations to distances of 4 or 5 miles is necessary.

BAKESVILLE, Ohio, Feb. 13.—Mrs. Sarah Burdett died yesterday from real malice at her request by her uncle, who claims to be a physician. Lynching is threatened.

Ontario Legislature.
THIRD SESSION—THIRD PARLIAMENT.

TOBAGO, Feb. 12.—The Premier that it was the intention of the Government to carry the *brewers' license* case, recently decided against the Province by the Supreme Court, by petition to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

The Government measures for confirming the revised statutes of Ontario, and for the preservation of forests from destruction by the moxers, read a second time.

Mr. Mowat then moved the second reading of the bill respecting the Magistracy, explaining its scope and intention. The object in introducing it was to secure more effectually the conviction of offenders against the law in certain localities.

After a long and general discussion on the measure the motion was carried by a majority of 43 to 31, after which the House adjourned.

WEATHER REPORTS.

TORONTO, Feb. 13.—This morning there is a low area over the southwestern States, and the pressure is highest over the south Atlantic States. A probability for the next twenty-four hours that the weather will be moderate to fresh winds, and cloudy to fair weather. For the Maritime Provinces moderate to fresh southwesterly to northwesterly winds, and fair weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Indications: For Middle States and lakes, cloudy, rainy, cold, backing to west winds, and fair weather.

Commercial.
MONEY MARKET AS REPORTED AT THE EXCHANGE OFFICE OF U. E. THOMPSON.

BELLEVILLE, Feb. 13.
Greenbacks by gold, 97 1/2
" selling at, 97 1/2
American Silver buying at, 85 to 90
British Silver buying at, 95
Selling Exchange, 81 1/2
Gold opened at 102; closed at 102.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.
WHEAT—No. 1, 100 lbs., 55 to 60;
No. 2, 100 lbs., 50 to 55;
No. 3, 100 lbs., 45 to 50;
No. 4, 100 lbs., 40 to 45;
No. 5, 100 lbs., 35 to 40;
No. 6, 100 lbs., 30 to 35;
No. 7, 100 lbs., 25 to 30;
No. 8, 100 lbs., 20 to 25;
No. 9, 100 lbs., 15 to 20;
No. 10, 100 lbs., 10 to 15;
No. 11, 100 lbs., 5 to 10;
No. 12, 100 lbs., 0 to 5;
No. 13, 100 lbs., 0 to 5;
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No. 97, 100 lbs., 0 to 5;
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No. 99, 100 lbs., 0 to 5;
No. 100, 100 lbs., 0 to 5;

CHEAP SALE FURS
FOR
HOLIDAY WEEK.

FURS CLOSING WINTER SALES.

FURS Secure your HOLIDAY FURS.

FURS GREAT BARAINS.

FURS RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

FURS HAYMES FUR STORE, 281 Robertson's Block.

FURS, FURS

U Large Stock and Genuine Bargains, at MUIR & LAWRENCE.

S Old Furs made into New Styles.

FURS, FURS

U XMAS

FURS HATS,

CAPS,

MITTS.

REPAIRING done, on the shortest notice.

J. D. STEWART, M.D., OCUKIST

WILL visit Belleville again, and remain at the D'Arce House, Room 43, from Monday the 4th of February, until Friday the 15th of February, 1878.

For all ailments, kept on hand, 223Awt

NEW BOOKS.

The Boss Devil of America.

That Young Man.

New Edition Nicholas Minton, 50c.

Evenings in a Library.

Anti-Guthrie.

R. VANORMAN & SON.

Tenders! Tenders!

TENDERS will be received by the Public School Board of the village of Madocville, for the erection of a Building for the Model School, in the village of Madocville, on the 15th inst.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

ALLAN LINE.

THE ALLAN LINE, carrying the Canadian and United States Mail, will be despatched from Halifax for Liverpool, London, and Glasgow, every Sunday, as follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.
 PERTINIAN, 1,000 Tons, Dec. 19th.
 SCANDINAVIAN, 1,000 Tons, Dec. 26th.
 SARMAIAN, 1,000 Tons, Jan. 2nd.
 CIRCASSIAN, 1,000 Tons, Jan. 9th.
 NORDMANIAN, 1,000 Tons, Jan. 16th.
 SAUTINIAN, 1,000 Tons, Jan. 23rd.
 PERTINIAN, 1,000 Tons, Jan. 30th.

Further information in JARVIS PASSAGE.

Persons wishing to travel for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland, or the United States. (When tickets are not used the amount is returned, less a small deduction for the passage.)

Storage, which includes a plentiful supply of well-ventilated stowage space, is by the steamer at \$2.00 per ton.

The All-Week Express, Toronto, leaves Monday morning at 7:00 o'clock, passing through the city at noon, arriving at Halifax at 4 p.m. on Saturday.

An experienced Surgeon accompanies each vessel.

Berth not secured until paid for.

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ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

Capital Paid Up £100,000.
 Reserve Fund £100,000.
 Annual Income £100,000.

The Royal Insurance Company, Ltd., of Liverpool, England, is the largest and most successful of its kind in the world.

Insurance of Churches, Schools, Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, etc., against loss by fire, theft, and other risks.

Roth & Taylor, Chief Agents, Montreal, and T. Donnelly, Agents, Belleville.

THE SCOTIEN COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF GLENGOW.

Capital Paid Up £100,000.
 Reserve Fund £100,000.
 Annual Income £100,000.

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THE FOUR QUARTERLY REVIEWS.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

The Leonard Scott Publishing Co., 41 Barclay St., New York.

CONTINUE their distinguished reputation of giving the best and most valuable of the periodicals of the world.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Whig), THE LONDON REVIEW (Conservative), THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW (Liberal), and BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE.

These four reviews are published quarterly, and contain the best and most valuable of the periodicals of the world.

They are published by the Leonard Scott Publishing Co., 41 Barclay St., New York.

Terms for 1878 (including postage):

Any one Review, \$4.00 per annum.
 Any two Reviews, \$7.00 per annum.
 Any three Reviews, \$10.00 per annum.
 Any four Reviews, \$13.00 per annum.

Clubs.

A discount of twenty per cent. will be allowed to clubs of twenty or more.

Advertisements.

Advertisements are accepted on liberal terms.

Agents.

Agents are appointed in all parts of the world.

Subscription.

Subscriptions are accepted on liberal terms.

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Agents are appointed in all parts of the world.

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A. & S. NORDHEIMER.

SOLE AGENTS for the Dominion for the CELEBRATED PIANO FORTES.

Steinway & Son, Chickering & Son, Dunham & Son, Haines Bros.

Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.

Terms and prices liberal. Letters promptly attended to.

HULL & SCOTNEY, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

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WE will pay the highest market prices for all the following articles, or we will sell them at a profit.

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes, Grain, Flour, Feed, Fish, Hides, Wool, Peasants, Beans, Corn, Dried Fruit, Hay, Hemp, etc.

Also, all kinds of large consignments of staple articles. Farmers, Shippers and Dealers in general merchandise, should write for reference.

Reference: Hull & Son, New York. When writing, state whether you wish to ship on consignment, or if you wish to sell.

The articles, amount of each, and your own Low Price, must be sent, delivered, &c. (free of charge) to our office, or to the nearest express office.

Also, if possible, send sample by mail, if too bulky to freight.

HULL & SCOTNEY, GENERAL COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS, 221 and 246 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

JUST RECEIVED, INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, FLOR BAGS.

50 LBS. 25 LBS.

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Also, a full stock of PAPER BAGS, GROCERS' BAGS.

VICK'S Illustrated Monthly Magazine.

Each Number contains thirty-two pages of reading, with fine wood-cut illustrations.

It is the most beautiful work of the kind in the world. It contains nearly 150 pages of fine illustrations, and is printed in English and German.

VICK'S FLOWER AND VEGETABLE GARDEN, 30 cents in paper covers; in elegant cloth covers, \$1.00.

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JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

VICK'S Flower and Vegetable Garden.

It is the most beautiful work of the kind in the world. It contains nearly 150 pages of fine illustrations, and is printed in English and German.

VICK'S FLOWER AND VEGETABLE GARDEN, 30 cents in paper covers; in elegant cloth covers, \$1.00.

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SEVENTY-FIVE pages—300 illustrations, with descriptions of thousands of the best Flowers and Vegetables in the world, and the way to grow them.

Price, 25 cents. Printed in English and German.

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VICK'S CATALOGUE—300 Illustrations, only 2 cents.

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

Business Directory.

Flint & Jellitt.

Solicitors for The Canadian Bank of Commerce, and for the Dominion of Wales, Solicitors.

35 or in Chambers, Notaries Public, etc.

John J. Flint, Morgan Jellitt.

Delaney & Ostrom, Barristers, Attorneys, etc., Teulon.

Peterson & Peterson, Barristers, Attorneys, etc., Teulon.

Simpson & Bogart, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, St. John's.

Fraser & Blair, Barristers, etc., St. John's.

Geo. D. Dickson, Barrister, etc., St. John's.

A. R. Donahue, Barrister, etc., St. John's.

E. McMahon, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chambers, etc., St. John's.

Geo. O. Alcorn, Barrister, etc., St. John's.

Saml. S. Wallbridge, Esq., LL. B., Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chambers, etc., St. John's.

Alex. Robertson, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chambers, etc., St. John's.

David R. Robertson, (Secretary Grand Jurors Railway Company), Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chambers, etc., St. John's.

Dr. Hignbotham, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucher, etc., St. John's.

J. R. Dickson, L.D.S., Surgeon Dentist, St. John's.

Dr. Allen's, Homoeopathic Pharmacy at St. John's.

McNAST, St. Andrew's Church, Protestant, St. John's.

Dr. R. Tracy, Having returned from Europe, is prepared to meet his patients, as usual, at his residence, 10 to 12, 2 m., and after 7 p.m., daily.

John Caldwell, Surgeon Dentist, formerly of Belleville, late of Ottawa, has opened an office in Robertson's new block, Front Street, Belleville, and is extracting without pain.

J. B. Murphy, M.D., C.P.S., Late House Surgeon of Kingston General Hospital, and Surgeon at University, Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucher.

Office—Over Green's Drug Store, Front Street, Belleville.

John J. Farley, M.D., Physician—Front Street, over Chandler's Drug Store, Residence—D'Arcy House.

R. S. Wilson, M.D., C.M., Physician and Surgeon, Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Toronto, and formerly House Apothecary at Montreal General Hospital, is now in the County of Hastings.

Residence and Office, Pinnacle Street, near the house recently occupied by A. I. Bogart, formerly occupied by the D'Arcy House.

S. A. Abbott, M.D., Graduate of Queen's University, and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office—Over Clarke's Drug Store, Corner Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville.

Evans & Bolger, Provincial Land Surveyors, Agents, Office—Dominion Buildings, Bridge Street, Belleville. Surveying in all parts of the Province, and particularly in the County of Hastings.

Residence and Office, Pinnacle Street, near the house recently occupied by A. I. Bogart, formerly occupied by the D'Arcy House.

Thomas Gardner, Plain, Gravel, and Cement, etc., Belleville, Dec. 1877.

John Thomas, Insurance and Stock Broker, Commission Merchant, Land and General Agent, Belleville, Dec. 1877.

Forneri, Provincial Land Surveyor, Prince Arthur's Landing, Thurland Bay.

Northeast & Alford, Builders, Contractors, Plasterers, etc., 35 Manufacturers, etc., at the Planning Place, Mill Street, Belleville.

Phoenix Fire Insurance of London, 1782.

Assurances granted on Town, Village, and Farm, by the Phoenix Fire Insurance, most favorable terms.

Daily Intelligencer.

NICHOLAS MINTURN, A STUDY IN A STORY.

BY J. G. O'LEARY, AUTHOR OF "REVEREND" (ARTHUR BONNARD), ETC.

CHAPTER XXXI.

WHEN BRINGING THE STORY TO AN END IN A WAY VERY SATISFACTORY TO HIMSELF.

The effect that Nicholas had made to transform his friends at "The Athenaeum" into active self-supporting men and women had been well seconded by the leaders with whom he had been upon the most confidential terms of association. Talking Tim, whom they all knew and respected, had proved himself to be a most important reinforcement to these special powers and influence concerned in reversing the attitude of the extent, recipient, dependent mass, in the midst of which he had planted his life.

Of course, "The Begonia" people knew that Nicholas was about to leave the city, and it conveyed a very delightful impression that he was expected to take a bride with him to his country home. In some way, it had become associated with the thought that Nicholas had been young people—incidents which long none of their romance by being passed from hand to hand, and which had been a great deal to the young people and women, in whose family life he had been instrumental in bringing so much to his new, significant, and hearty life.

It was not, however, that he was going to leave the city, but that he was going to leave the city, and it conveyed a very delightful impression that he was expected to take a bride with him to his country home.

In the meantime, Nicholas had sent to O'Leary the pictures and furniture with which he had beautified his city lodgings, and which he had sent to O'Leary the pictures and furniture with which he had beautified his city lodgings.

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NOTICE.

Intelligence Office,
Feb. 14th, 1878.
Accounts are now being rendered to
the accounts for the Daily Intelligence,
as well as accounts for printing and
advertising long overdue. Unless such
accounts are settled within one month from
this date, prompt measures will be taken
to collect them.

G. H. PETTINGILL & CO.,
ST. PAUL, MINN., NEW YORK.

S. P. ROWELL & CO.,
ST. PAUL, MINN., NEW YORK.

RE our sole Agents in this city, and are au-
thorized to contract or advertise at our
lowest rates.

Daily Intelligence.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, FEB. 15.

THE CRISIS IN THE EAST.

Looked at from whatever point of view,
it seems almost impossible that the pre-
vailing crisis in the East can end other-
wise than in war. The slightest cause of
friction on the part of any of the powers
might be arrayed against each other
and cause an explosion which will shake
Europe to its centre before its force is spent,
and again the tension of public feeling in
Great Britain and Austria-Hungary is such
that war with all its horrors would be pre-
ferable to the dread uncertainty which pre-
vails. Russia has already called her re-
servations to such an extent as almost to
have given a *caveau* bill to Great Britain,
which has vindicated her honor by de-
spatching a portion of her fleet to Constan-
tinople, in face of the refusal of the Sultan
to grant his permission, the Turks very
wisely refraining from offering any oppo-
sition to the passage of the fleet through the
Dardanelles, as the ships were prepared for
action. And hence we can understand the
cause of war. Russia, it will be remembered,
asserted that if the British fleet were sent to
the Turkish capital, she would no longer be
bound by the armistice, but that thereupon
she would consider herself at liberty of action
restored and march a portion of her fleet
into Constantinople, claiming that thereby
she would be acting conjointly with Great
Britain in affording protection to the
Christian population. To this Her Majesty's
Government replied that their action does
not justify Russian occupation of Constan-
tinople. This Russian declaration on the
part of Great Britain appears likely to be
disregarded as in the House of Lords the
Earl of Derby read a Russian Circular,
Prince Gortschakoff, the Russian Chan-
celler, informing him of the Russian decision
to occupy Constantinople merely as a pacific
measure. Upon the carrying out of this
intention the declaration of Sir Stafford
Northcote leads us to believe that the
question of peace or immediate war de-
pends.

In any case, however, the Russian spirit
of aggression has been aroused by their
recent success not only in the field, but in
the wiles of diplomacy, that the East
and its advisers seem to have cast pre-
judice to the winds in their desire to se-
cure their long coveted object of building
up their naval power on the Black Sea, and
they are prepared to dare a great deal in
the effort to carry out this daring pro-
ject, of which Great Britain is the principal
opponent. They have also, however,
by their persistent efforts to secure the
restoration of Bosnia, and the virtual
erection of Bulgaria into a Russian prin-
cipality, incurred the high displeasure of
Austria-Hungary, whose interests would
thereby be most prejudicially affected.
Austria is still powerful, as the southern
protestants may find to their surprise, and
across a numerous, well disciplined and
brave army, and some powerful vessels of
war, and adding her forces to those of
Great Britain, as she is evidently pre-
pared to do, the power of the allies
could bring to bear would be a decided
overmatch even for the legions which have
conquered Turkey and which now seem to
bid defiance to the world at arms.

The British forces are rapidly being
placed upon a war footing, and so are the
Austro-Hungarian army, and so are the
Italian army, and so are the Russian army.
Italy also seems inclined to enter an alliance
to prevent the carrying out of Russian pro-
posals. Come what may, the matter will
unhappily arise, Great Britain will be found
ready to fight the battle of mankind, and
will not cease her exertions until the oppo-
sition has been compelled to relinquish his
purpose.

Too Many Lawyers.

The Ontario Cabinet consists of six members,
and of this half-dozen of law reformers,
remarks the *Telegram*, in relation to the
old Reform principle. But old Reform prin-
ciple has been so repeatedly violated since
that the party attained power that nobody looks
about that. The lawyers are the majority in
most legislative bodies. There are obvious
reasons why this is so. In the rural districts
the lawyer is the village oracle, the fountain
of knowledge, the source of all information on
debateable points. People who want to go
into trouble go to him, and people who want
to get out of trouble go to him as the man best
qualified to advise them. The lawyer is the
man who is called in to settle disputes, and
he is so overpowered by his position that he
permits are supposed to make him shrewder
capable for talk and argument than any other
man, and he is credited with a
great advantage over other classes. But
after all it is becoming an important question
whether it is not getting too many lawyers into
legislative halls—admission is not possible
to have too much of a good thing—espe-
cially when we remember that the lawyers are
most irregular of all their attendances.

THE OTTAWA SCANDAL.—An Ottawa re-
porter says—“Rev. G. N. Higginson's friends
have paid \$1,000 to the Ottawa Standard for
the right of the Standard to publish the
recent scandal, on condition that no legal
proceedings be taken. Higginson has gone
to the West Indies.”

MARMORA GOLD MINES.

We copy, on first page, an interesting
article entitled “New Mining Process,”
from the *Sarnia Gazette*, on the treat-
ment of the Marmora pyrite ores, which
are known to be very rich in gold, and we
invite all taking an interest in our mines,
to give it a careful perusal.

For some time it has been known that
the process for properly treating these
pyrites consisted in (1) Roasting (2)
Chlorinating the roasted ore, and (3)
Extracting the gold therefrom by
quicksilver or by chlorine.

By roasting the sulphur is consumed,
and the arsenic, in a vapor or gaseous
form, is driven off and made to pass into
and through a series of chambers, where it
is cooled and condensed, settling in such
chambers as contain such arsenic as arsenic
acid, and from which, as often as re-
quired, it is scraped out ready for market.

By grinding the roasted ore, every fine
particle of gold is mechanically separated
from the iron which is contained in the
ore, and is a No. 1 fine-product,
and can easily be washed off from the
gold after grinding; and these fine par-
ticles of gold thus set free are also quicken-
ed by the grinding and prepared for quick-
silver and ready amalgamation with quicksilver.

Test treatments on a large scale have been
made of the Marmora ores, by which it
was shown that over 80 p.c. of all the
pyrites ore can be saved. The
machinery in shape of roasting furnaces,
condensing chambers, and grinders used in
these treatments of ores, are not patented,
nor very expensive in their construction.

What the Marmora mines need is the
aid of *active capital* to complete their
reduction works on a known simple and ef-
fective plan, and the return must both en-
rich their owners and greatly benefit our
City and County. If any new patent pro-
cess is proven to be better and cheaper than
the one now proposed by working tests to be
so satisfactory in its results, we have no
doubt the mining men will readily adopt it
and allow the inventor just and liberal compensation.

The Grand Junction.

We learn from the *Peterborough Examiner*
that on Monday afternoon last a meet-
ing of the merchants and business men
of that town was held to meet the contractors
for the Grand Junction Railway, with a
view to procure assistance from the munici-
pality in extending the railway to Peter-
borough. The meeting was an informal
one, as the deputation had no definite plan
to lay before the meeting. Mr. Pusey, one
of a company who are negotiating for the
construction of the line to Peterborough, was
introduced, and the report stated, “said he
had nothing definite to lay before the
meeting, as his negotiations with the Grand
Junction Company were not yet com-
plete, owing to the difficulties; but
that he was happy to state, were being
removed, and he felt that in a short time
all would be settled. He had just completed
a trip from Belleville over the proposed
route to ascertain the amount of work re-
quired and the assistance the company
might expect from the municipalities in the
event of the road being proceeded with.
His idea was to build a through line from
the Georgian Bay, having an independent line
from here to Belleville, and was willing to
co-operate from here to Georgian Bay with
any other line or lines. If the aid was
voted the line that was expected, he prom-
ised that the road would be built to Peter-
borough this year, if not, he would not ask
such a question as to whether any
arrangement had been made with Mr.
Wm. Hamilton as to what resistance they
saw. Mr. Pusey said he did not wish to
name any sum. This was a matter to be
amicably arranged between them. He did
not believe in saying you will have to give
such or such a sum, but we will give you the
road. To complete the road to Peterborough
independent of rolling stock, would take
about \$800,000, and bonuses amounting to
about \$850,000 had been voted. In answer
to a question as to whether any
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and are not "rich toward God," you are poor man in the midst of all you possess. Or, if you are borne down by earthly care and poverty, and it may be, also afflicted body, and have no hope of a better life, through the merits of Christ, you are doubly poor. I, you are poor for both worlds. Be it known unto you, whatever is your earthly condition that the prospect of a crown of righteousness may be yours. Rich or poor, young or old, if you flee to Christ as your Saviour, and obtain pardon through His blood, you shall have a crown that fadeeth not.

The Victory of Faith.

I want to tell you how it is that faith helps Christians to overcome the world. It does so homoeopathically. You say, "That is a singular idea." So it may be. The principle is that "like cures like." So does faith overcome the world by curing like with like. How does faith trample upon the fear of the world? By the fear of God. "Now, therefore, fear the Lord, ye kings: for he is the Lord of kings."

...and worse! If you do not do this, I will
away your life. If you do not bow down
for my false god, you shall be put in
burning fiery flames." But, says the
body and soul in hell. True, I may dread
but I have a greater fear than that. I
fear I should displease God. So the one
counterbalances the other. How does
overthrow the world's hopes! "There,"
the world, "I will give thee this, if thou
be my disciple. There is a hope for you,
shall be rich, you shall be great." But
says, "I have a hope laid up in heaven
hope which fadeeth not away,—eternal, ir-
rupt, a crown of life"; and the hope of

overcome all the hopes of the world. "I says the world, 'why not follow the way of your fellows?' "Because," says faith, "I will follow the example of Christ." If world puts one example before us, faith another. "Oh! follow the example of a one—he is wise, and great, and good," the world. Says faith, "I will follow Christ. He is the wisest, the greatest, and the best. It overcomes example by example." "We says the world, 'since thou wilt not be quered by all this, come, I will love thee thou shalt be my friend.' Faith says, 'that is the friend of this world cannot be friend of God.' God loves me." So he love against love, fear against fear.

against hope, dread against dread, and so overcomes the world by "like caring like."

"God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life." (John iii. 16).

Indecision.

Of the many causes which hinder men attaining success, indecision is, undoubtedly one of the most potent. Without any defined course marked out for themselves, we launch out into the great ocean of life, depending more upon chance than any fixed

whereby a definite result must be obtained. Thinking to-day, perchance, to amass a fortune through some particular channel, to-morrow, easily alter it for some other, they pass their lives : continually varying ways discontented with the present, and looking to the future for brighter days, their indecision does not warrant them to expect. How many young men there are, if settled in their purpose of obtaining a hood, would ultimately be crowned with success ? How many old men, who, if they were not so lightly, and so frequently, change their avocation, would be now in the enjoyment of every comfort, whereas their

days are embittered by want, and their workhouse! It is the curse from which no one is exempt, that "man shall earn bread by the sweat of his brow." Such is the case, let us not be over fastidious as to the nature of our employment. We were placed in this world to enjoy a Paradise to prepare ourselves by honest, virtuous conduct for endless bliss. If we feel dissatisfied with our lot—which in fact we all do, the king as well as the beggar—let us nobly and manfully endure it, and console ourselves with pleasurable reflection that soon, very soon our toils and troubles and privations will all end. Let us not try to divest ourselves of the weight Providence has placed upon

Evening Amusements.

During the long winter ordinary evening amusements lose their charms to the child. So a neighbor and myself invented a new one for the entertainment of our large family. Every week we have one evening that is called "story night." On this evening each parent presents a story, made up for the occasion or gleaned from readings. The youngest member opens the entertainment, then the next older, and so on till the father, uncles, aunts, uncles, and visitors, if any were present, have each a turn.

sent, when a story. Lately since the ren have been in school, they frequently poems from their reading books, and them with appropriate emphasis and ge or write a story and read it. The ev spent in this way is quite the pleasant of the whole week, and is looked forwa with anticipative preparation by every ber of the two families. If any one ch to sing a song, or play an instrumental on the piano or organ, that is gladly acc in lieu of a story; but no one is exempt contributing something to the common of entertainment. It is wonderful the im ment manifest in the ability of the yo ones, and the elder ones too, in narra

events and handling character. Critics of the kindest sort, and all are entertained by the efforts of the others.—*Exchange*.

Miscellaneous.

What a blessing to a household is a cheerful woman—one whose spirits are not affected by wet days, or little disappointments or whose milk of human kindness does not sour in the sunshine of prosperity. Such a woman in the darkest hours brightens her house like a little piece of shining weather. The magnetism of her smiles and electric brightness of her looks and movements

every one. The children go to school with a sense of something great to be achieved; husband goes into the world in a conquering spirit. No matter how people annoy or worry him all day, far off her presence shines and he whispers to himself, "At home I find rest." So day by day she literally renews his strength and energy, and if you know a man with a beaming face, a kind heart and a prosperous business, in nine cases out of ten you will find he has a wife of this kind.

The longer they live the more difficult the acquisition of good language will be; and in the golden age of youth, the proper time for the acquisition of language, be passed in abuse; the unfortunate victim of neglected education is very probably doomed to live in slang for life. Money is not necessary to procure this education. Every man has it in power. He has merely to use the language which he reads, instead of the slang which he hears; to form his taste from the best speakers and poets of the country; to treasure choice phrases in his memory, and habitually himself to their use, avoiding at the same time that pedantic precision and bombast

which show rather the weakness of vain
ambition than the polish of an educated mind

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

MONDAY, FEB. 11, 1877.

No. 7, Day Express,	6:00 p. m.
No. 4, Morning Express,	6:30 a. m.
No. 3, Montreal,	7:00 a. m.
No. 6, Montreal,	7:30 a. m.
No. 1, Night Express,	12:00 p. m.
No. 2, Night Express,	12:30 p. m.
No. 5, Montreal,	1:00 p. m.
No. 8, Montreal,	1:30 p. m.

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-
dermentioned places at the following hours:
For Stirling—Daily, at 8 a. m., and 3 p. m.
For Marion—Daily, at 2 p. m.
For Port Hope—Daily, at 2 p. m.
For Port Hope—Daily, at 3 p. m.
The above arrive in Belleville about noon
each day.

Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, FEB. 16.

City and Vicinity.

ENGLISH MAIL.—An English mail was
distributed here this morning.

CHANCE OF TIME.—In consequence of the
alteration of the time of sailing of the
Allan steamer from Halifax, from Sunday
to Saturday, the last train which connects
with the vessel each week passes here at
noon on Thursday.

PERSONAL.—The *Napolean* steamer says:—
"Mr. Albert N. Reid, for some time past
in the employ of Mr. John Downey, has
resigned his situation and intends to engage
business on his own account in Belleville.
Mr. R. has won many friends during his
career in Napoleon, and with him success
in his new departure."

THE WEATHER.—The winter now pass-
ing away has not been so remarkable for
high temperature, after all. Mr. W. Varney,
of Bloomfield, who has kept a record of the
weather for many years, states in a *Picton*
paper that within his experience the aver-
age temperature for the month of January
was lower than that of eleven previous
years during the period in which he had
made observations.

OFFICIAL REPORT.—We have received the
first number of the official report on the
debates of the House of Commons for the
present session, which contains the pro-
ceedings of the first and second days of the
session. The Committee in charge of the
publication in question will be to be hoped
endeavor to keep it as closely up to date
as the progress of the proceedings as possible.

Anticipate and prevent sickness—
with SANDFORD'S FAMILY GINGER.

Top floor family flour at \$2.50 per 100 lbs.
At H. Corley, Jr., flour and feed store. He
also sells all kinds of feed at proportion-
ately low rates.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.—Eleven cases dis-
tributed of the latest American hats and caps,
and 5 cases of the latest English stiffs and
cloth hats at Hymans's, opposite Consolidated
Bank.

EYE AND EAR.—It will be seen by adver-
tisement that Dr. J. D. Stewart, the sur-
geon oculist and aurist, is to visit Bel-
leville again. He will remain at room No.
43, Duff House, for two weeks, commencing
on Monday, 4th of February.

BEFORE STOCK TAKING, James Hennessy
wishes to clear out all the odds and ends of
Dry Goods, Shawls, Glens, Flannels,
Wincies, Prints, Cottons, Steam Loom
Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Towellings, Tick-
ings, Table Linens, &c. &c., and of James
Robertson's Bankrupt Stock, at whatever
prices they will bring, before taking stock.
Note the address, Belleville, and the
old stand.—Jas. Hennessy, Dealer in Bankrupt
Stocks.

CURLING.—The Kingston *News* says:—
"The entire curling match with Belleville
for the Royal Canadian Medal is arranged
to be played here, weather permitting,
next Thursday, with two rinks for each
club. As both clubs will put forward their
best players, our citizens will have an ex-
cellent opportunity of witnessing one of the most
keenly contested curling matches ever
played in this city. Col. Irvine and C.
Hamilton are the skips selected for the
K. C. C. The Belleville Club play their
first match here on account of their ice
being in poor condition."

DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.—It will be
seen by advertisement that the first annual
Convention of the Dairymen's Association
for Eastern Ontario will be held in the City
Hall, Belleville, on Thursday, Friday and
Saturday next. A number of the most
able speakers on dairy subjects in Canada
and the United States have been engaged,
and the Convention ought to prove, as we
have no doubt it will, a great success.
The dairymen owe it to themselves to at-
tend, as their duty is a progressive one,
and in no other way can they obtain so much
information in regard to it, and so cheaply,
as by attending these Conventions.

A BOY WRECK.—The coming week pre-
sents to be one of the busiest for news-
paper men, in the history of Belleville.
On Monday at 2 p. m. the Grand Hotel
Chapter R. B. of I. will meet in the
Orange Hall; and the City Council will hold
a regular meeting on the same night. On
Tuesday the Grand Orange Lodge No. 200
will commence its session at 2 p. m. in the City Hall;
same evening lecture in the Metro-
politan Hall by Rev. C. A. Lousdai, of
Montreal, on the "Hacker's martyr"; also
musical entertainment at the skating rink.
On Wednesday the Grand Orange Lodge
will meet at 2 p. m.; to-morrow by the
Young People's Aid Society of the John
Street Presbyterian Church in the Metro-
politan Hall. On Thursday the Dairymen's
Association of Ontario East, will
commence their annual Convention,
which will continue during Friday

and 1st of Saturday, with evening sessions
on Thursday and Friday. This is a pro-
gressive programme, and there may be
more to come.

PARLIAMENTARY.—The debate on the ad-
dress was concluded last night. A sum-
mary will appear in Monday's issue.

CHURCH.—Front Street was crowded
during the greater part of the day with
visitors from the surrounding country, but
the amount of business done was not large.

IN RESIDENCE.—Amongst those who re-
sented their names at the Canadian Govern-
ment offices in London during the week
ending February 2nd, was Miss E. A.
Bibbrough, of Belleville.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the
market this morning was the largest since
the holidays, the whole of the buyers
being fully occupied with farmers' wares
and slight loads with produce of various
kinds. In the butter market there was a
great rush, and sales were rapid.

PLAYING FOR DRINK.—It may interest
some tavern keepers in this part of the
country to learn that Judge Elliott, of
Middlesex, has sustained the conviction of
a tavern keeper found guilty before a
magistrate of allowing gambling on his
premises, in cases in which the bar keepers
were aware that men were playing dominoes
for drinks. The learned Judge intimated
that the same principle applied to all other
games of chance.

DR. C. H. FOWLER'S LECTURE.—As we
mentioned some time since this eloquent
lecturer is to make a lecturing tour through
Canada in the last of the present month,
and we are not far from being able to an-
nounce to our readers that arrangements
have been made for him to visit our city,
and deliver his celebrated lecture. "Great
deeds of Great Men," on Friday evening,
March 1st. On the authority of some of
the ablest critics, it is said, the descriptive
powers of Dr. Fowler are most wonderful,
producing, as he does, some of the great
events of history with a vividness that
electrifies his hearers and stimulates them
to emulate the great men of the past. We
understand the lecture will be delivered for
the benefit of the orphan fund of Bridge
Street Church. We hope everybody will
hear this notable lecture.

Seasonable Topics.

A late, cold spring is predicted. Time
will tell.

The great difficulty in skating is to main-
tain uniformly your feet.

Ice dealers are storing away large sup-
plies of the calorific fuel.

Who will care for Turkey now? (To
be sung with great feeling.)

The good Samaritan now sprinkles ash
on the slippery pavements.

Backward floor has been "going down"
rapidly all the bottom of a well, but
milkmen never find any in the bucket.

The handsomest thing you can do just
now is to hand some money to the poor.

It is about time to hear from the fellow
who annually predicts the failure of the
peach crop.

How do you like your valentine? St.
Valentine was beaten to death with a club.
A. D. 270. The Gospel Herald man thinks
all who send valentines should be served
the same way in 1878.

The Mediterranean and Channel Fleets.

At this time when the movements of the
British Mediterranean fleets are attracting
universal attention, it will prove interesting
to publish the list of vessels comprising the
fleet from an official Navy List. Several of
the ironclads carry very heavy guns.

The Commander of the Fleet is Vice Admiral
Hamlyn. His flagship is the *Albion*. His
Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, com-
mander in chief of the fleet, commands the
Sultan. The composition of the fleet is as
follows:

Name	Guns	Tonnage	Force
Albion	12	9,027	8,015
Admiral	9	6,000	5,000
Agincourt	17	10,027	6,567
Albatross	12	6,000	5,000
Hastar (iron)	3	4,010	3,497
Resolute	4	3,711	3,501
Rupert (iron)	4	5,444	4,655
Swiftsure	14	6,666	5,929
Seaford	14	6,666	5,929
Seaford	14	6,666	5,929

In addition to the above ironclads, the fol-
lowing unarmored vessels, principally steel
corvettes of great speed, and gunboats, form
a portion of the Mediterranean Fleet:

Name	Guns	Tonnage	Force
Antelope (paddle steamer)	2	646	
Antelope	2	646	
Comander	3	744	
Comander	3	744	
Flamingo	3	744	
Raleigh (paddle steamer)	22	5,963	
Raleigh	22	5,963	
Rapide	3	913	
Rapide	3	913	
Saladin	3	985	
Saladin	3	985	

The Channel Fleet, which is under the
command of the Duke of Devonshire, has
been ordered to Gibraltar, as follows:

Name	Guns	Tonnage	Force
Black Prince	28	9,137	5,772
Achilles (turret)	16	6,000	5,000
Minotaur	16	6,000	5,000
Beagle (turret)	3	4,200	3,700
Defiance	17	10,027	6,567
Thunderer (turret)	4	9,100	6,270
Thunderer	4	9,100	6,270
Assault (turret)	14	6,666	5,929
Assault	14	6,666	5,929
Invincible	14	6,666	5,929
Invincible	14	6,666	5,929
Monarch (turret)	12	6,022	5,392

The two fleets aggregate 23 ironclads, 242
guns of the heaviest calibre, 179,201 tons, and
129,670 horse power—by far the most colossal
armada the world has yet seen.

Ontario Legislature.

THIRD SESSION—THIRD PARLIA-
MENT.

FRIDAY, FEB. 15.—The Bill providing for the employment
of men in the construction of the canal, and
that to the Ontario Land Reclamation Bill.
Mr. Currier's Bill regarding mortgage sales
was read on division. On Thursday the Dairymen's
Association of Ontario East, will
commence their annual Convention,
which will continue during Friday

THE EASTERN WAR. AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

LONDON, FEB. 15.—Although Austria re-
mains quiet, the occupation of Constantinople
has been the subject of much discussion.
The attitude of occupation is accomplished peace,
and with the consent of Turkey.

A Vienna dispatch says that the Russian
Ambassador at Vienna will proceed to
London on a special mission.

A Constantinople dispatch says that Nanyk
Pasha has been the Russian ambassador
charged to endeavor to disengage the
Grand Duke from occupying Constantinople.

The Russian, on occupying Constantinople, will
be a relief to the Russian people, who are
a victim of the armistice and might pro-
vide a new source of revenue to the Russian
Government.

It is very decidedly asserted, "Telegrams
claim that the entry of the Russian troops would
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AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

LONDON, FEB. 16.—The Times editorial
in issue 16 says it is to be some
gradations mismanagement if the relative po-
sition of England and Russia near Constantinople
leads to any serious misunderstanding.

Constantinople, Feb. 16.—A dispatch
says the English warship *Reliance* is ashore on
Habit Island unharmed.

The Russian argues that this is not an
accident, but a deliberate act of the Russian
Government, and that the Russian
Government is not responsible for the
destruction of the *Reliance*.

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sah, Shall I gib you some ob de cole b'iled
rice, sah?"

and 12 vessels of 6,034 tons, valued at \$43,740.2

the traffic of the road will be entirely above
pended to day, no trains being started
n either end of the line.

WM. BOSWELL, Slater,
Moira St., West Belleville.

NGE CERTIFICATES, handsomely
ot up, for sale at the INTELLIGENCE
Address
Street, 1

light and sold,
NITSCH & CO, 31 Notre Dame
Montreal.

FLINT & JELBERT.
1878. 201

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

MONDAY, Nov. 12, 1877.

GOING WEST.

No. 2, Day Express, 6:05 p. m.
No. 1, Morning Express, 6:05 a. m.
No. 6, Montreal, 11:55 a. m.

GOING EAST.

No. 1, Day Express, 12:05 p. m.
No. 2, Night Express, 12:05 a. m.
No. 7, Montreal, 7:15 p. m.
No. 8, Montreal, 11:55 p. m.

STAGE ROUTES.

Stages leave the principal hotels for the un-

derground places at the following times:
St. John's, Daily, at 8 a. m., and 2 p. m.
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THE MEETING.

The ladies of the John

St. Presbyterian Church have always, in

past years sustained the reputation of hav-

ing first class Tea Meetings. On Wednes-

day, 20th inst., they met in the hall of the

former officers in this direction, and invite

the people of Belleville to come and judge

for themselves.

The Police.—The ratenayers will at-

tempt to maintain the action of the

City Council in requiring the Mayor, as

Police Commissioner, to oppose any addition

at present to the police force of the city.

The force is now thoroughly efficient and

will not require to be augmented. The

requirements, as is proved, by the decrease

in criminal offences during the past year,

therefore to burden the taxpayers for any

increase in the force would be regarded

with disfavor by the whole community. We

have no doubt that the Police Commis-

sioners will unite in carrying out the

wishes of the people, as expressed through

the Council.

THE LINDGREN.—The tragedy "Heart

and Crown," was produced by the talented

company last night before one of the largest

audiences ever gathered in the Opera

House. Mrs. Alice Dunning Lingard, who

has very recently abandoned the walks of

comedy for the higher artistic range of

tragedy, met with such success as Mary

Queen of Scots. She had, however, a good

deal of improvement to make as she can

reach the highest altitude as a tragedienne,

as she is stage throughout, and does not

use her splendid voice to the best advan-

tage, her elocution being decidedly faulty.

A year or two's experience will no doubt

make Mrs. Lingard one of the first ac-

tresses of the day. The support through-

out was highly effective. Mr. E. K. Collier,

her elocution being decidedly faulty. A

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THE LATEST.

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—Bismarck answering

the interpellation of the German Parliament,

he said, he could see nothing in the paper per-

sonally likely to produce war between Ger-

many on one side, or England or Austria on

the other.

WEATHER REPORTS.

TODAY, Feb. 19.—Probabilities for the

next twenty-four hours for the Lower Lake

region, falling barometer, increasing south

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL

Londonderry and Glasgow.

ALLAN LINE.

First class Clyde built iron steamships of the Allan line, calling at the Canadian ports of St. John's, Halifax, and London, will be despatched from London for Liverpool and Londonderry every Sunday, as follows:

SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX.

PERUVIAN, 4,000 tons, Feb. 20th.

CIRCASSIAN, 4,000 tons, March 2nd.

HIBERNIAN, 4,000 tons, March 5th.

NOVA SCOTIAN, 4,000 tons, March 8th.

SARANTIAN, 4,000 tons, March 11th.

POLYANIAN, 4,000 tons, March 14th.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, leaves Toronto every Friday, 7:02 a.m. Passengers go on once on board.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN CARRIAGE PASSAGES.

From Quebec to Liverpool and Londonderry, 50s, 50s and 50s, according to position of state-room.

Return tickets \$100 \$75, and \$145.

Intermediate \$75.

Storage, which includes a plentiful supply of well cooked provisions, served by the ship's crew, \$25, from Halifax.

The last train connecting with the Ocean Steamer at Halifax, passes Belleville every Thursday at noon. Passengers go on once on board.

An experienced Steward accompanies each ship.

Births not required until paid for.

Persons wishing to send for their friends can obtain passage certificates at lowest rates from England, Ireland or Scotland, to any railway station in Canada, for the rate of \$100.

Tickets are not used unless returned, hence a small deduction.

Stowage from Liverpool, Londonderry, or Glasgow, including Railway fare through to Belleville \$25.

Intermediate and storage Stowage are as pointed to each of the vessels.

For through tickets and every information apply to

E. H. THOMPSON, Agent Allan Line, Belleville.

December, 1877.

TOWN AGENCY

Grand Trunk Railway.

TO THE WEST

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARES.

RETURN TICKETS TO ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS.

Tickets issued to all the principal cities of the West, than by any other route.

Tickets issued direct to Chicago, Port Huron, Omaha, San Francisco, the Black Hills, and all the principal cities of the West.

Earlier purchasing tickets by the Grand Trunk, save the trouble and annoyance of changing cars or re-charging baggage at the coast.

Minimum money taken at par for all points West of Detroit.

Tickets can be purchased of

E. H. THOMPSON, Town Passenger Agent, G. T. R., Belleville, April, 1876.

Or at the Grand Trunk Depot.

D. QUINN, Agent G. T. R., Belleville, April, 1876.

BANKING

AND

EXCHANGE OFFICE

OF

E. H. THOMPSON,

BRIDGE STREET, BELLEVILLE, ONT.

A GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS carried on.

Gold and Currency Drafts on United States Banks, and Greenbacks bought and sold at best rates.

Interest allowed on deposits, and subject to withdrawal without notice, at 4, 5, and 6 per cent.

ADVERTISING

Has created many a new business;

Has enlarged many an old business;

Has revived many a dry business;

Has secured many a new business;

Has saved many a failing business;

Has prevented many a large loss;

And secured success in any business.

THE circulation of the

Daily and Weekly

Intelligencer.

Has greatly increased during the last year, and new names are daily continually added to our subscription list.

It is acknowledged to be the most widely read paper in Central Ontario. Business men, farmers, and all find it to their advantage to advertise in the INTELLIGENCER.

Puts, Calls, Spreads, Straddles

Will faithfully execute orders on 2 to 5 percent margins. First Class Stock. Private negotiations in all markets. We select the patronage of parties desiring of obtaining reliable and responsible brokers. Our best stock specialists wait on application. TUMBLEBEE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, Hamilton, N.Y.

FOR PRINTING in all its branches, call at the INTELLIGENCER Office.

ROYAL

INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS UNLIMITED.

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

RESERVE FUND, \$2,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME, \$3,000,000.

THE ROYAL Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insured Churches, Schools, Dwelling, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROBERT & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville.

THE SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL

Fire Insurance Company of Glasgow.

CAPITAL, \$2,000,000.

RESERVE FUND, \$1,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME, \$1,000,000.

THE SCOTTISH Commercial Fire Insurance Company has the largest surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

Insured Churches, Schools, Dwelling, Stores, Merchandise, Warehouses, &c., against loss by fire, at equitable rates.

ROBERT & TAYLOR, Chief Agents, Montreal.

T. DONNELLY, Agent, Belleville.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO BRANCH.

HEAD OFFICE, 7 Toronto St. Toronto.

JOHN L. BAKER, Esq., Chairman, President.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Esq., Vice-President.

INSPECTOR—ROBERT MCLEAN.

REINSURANCE SPECIALIST—LAWRENCE BOGART.

For further particulars apply to the Agents.

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The Leonard Scott Publishing Co., 41 Barclay St., New York.

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THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Monthly).

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THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Quarterly).

THE QUARTERLY REVIEW (Quarterly).

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These Reviews are not only the most valuable and interesting of the kind, but also the most reliable and trustworthy.

They give the originals in full, and at about one-third the price of the originals.

The latest references and discoveries in the arts and sciences, the recommendations to know, the most important of the day, are all given in these periodicals, in language as clear, forcible, and authoritative.

The articles are commonly more condensed and of matter than the average books of the period.

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59. Blackwood's and any fifty-four Reviews, \$59.00 per year.

60. Blackwood's and any fifty-five Reviews, \$60.00 per year.

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62. Blackwood's and any fifty-seven Reviews, \$62.00 per year.

63. Blackwood's and any fifty-eight Reviews, \$63.00 per year.

64. Blackwood's and any fifty-nine Reviews, \$64.00 per year.

65. Blackwood's and any sixty Reviews, \$65.00 per year.

66. Blackwood's and any sixty-one Reviews, \$66.00 per year.

67. Blackwood's and any sixty-two Reviews, \$67.00 per year.

68. Blackwood's and any sixty-three Reviews, \$68.00 per year.

69. Blackwood's and any sixty-four Reviews, \$69.00 per year.

70. Blackwood's and any sixty-five Reviews, \$70.00 per year.

71. Blackwood's and any sixty-six Reviews, \$71.00 per year.

72. Blackwood's and any sixty-seven Reviews, \$72.00 per year.

73. Blackwood's and any sixty-eight Reviews, \$73.00 per year.

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A. & S. NORDHEIMER,

SOLE AGENTS for the Dominion for the

CELEBRATED PIANO FORTES

Stelway & Son, Chichester & Son, Dunham & Son, Haines Bros.

Second-hand Instruments taken in exchange.

Terms and prices liberal. Letters promptly attended to.

14014th

A. & S. NORDHEIMER, Toronto.

HULL & SCOTNEY,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,</

FRESH FISH
OYSTERS
&c., &c., &c.

ROSS & DAVIDSON

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED
Fresh Salt water Herrings
Kits Pickled Ling,
Finnan Haddies,
Pickered Herrings,
No. 1 Labrador Herrings
FRESH OYSTER

(DIAMOND BRAND)

R. & D. have also received

Sugar-Cured Hams,
Breakfast Bacon,
Dried Beef.

All of which we offer at very low prices.

ROSS & DAVIDSON

Family Grocers and Wine Merchants
Corner Front & Fifth
Belleville, 7th Feb. 1878.

OUR STOCK

GROCERY & GLASS

Is large and complete, includes many novelties, which are lower than ever before and inspect.

P. M. Stoups
Belleville Feb. 1878.

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Paid up Capital, - \$6,000,000

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THE public of Belleville and adjacent
 towns will please note that the
 above named, well known and
 Instructive has been established in a
 permanent way on all the different
 of Banking institutions and all the
 this part of the country.
 deposits at interest received, and
 lowered of the usual terms.

Office at present, in the premises
 of W. N. Drummet's new Glass and
 directly adjacent Nelson's Block,
 Belleville.

R. THOMAS
 9th Feb'y, 1878

GLOBE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
347 Broadway, Cor. Leonard
 J. D. Wells, Esq., Cash. York, Oct. 25, 1877.
 George M. Manager, Montreal.
 Dear Sir:—After a careful review
 of your policy, and a consideration
 of the value of the life of the case, we
 may have decided to continue the
 policy on the basis of the new—which
 operation March 31, 1878.

I am, my dear Sir,
 Very respectfully,
 JAS. M. PERCIVAL
 Secy.

Frederick Haddock,
 Frozen Sea Herring

FINNAN HADDI
OYSTERS in bulk 30 cts. per doz.
OYSTERS in cans from 18 cts.
CRABBERIES 12 cts. per doz.
Feb. 12, 1878.

HUGH WALKER
For Sale or to Let.

TIME premises lately occupied by R. Walker, situated under the old mill on the east side of Frost Street and north of St. James Street, Baltimore, containing one acre of land, more or less.

There is upon the said premises a small brick kitchen attached, and in repair, and well finished throughout.

The land is well adapted for a large estate, and is in a good state of cultivation. A large orchard.

For further particulars apply to
J. H. & H. B. WALKER,
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Market and Front Streets

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ESTABLISHED 1834

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EVERY DESCRIPTION

Neatness,

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OUR JOB ROOM

IS SUPPLIED WITH THE

Latest Styles of Type

FROM THE

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SPECIAL ATTENTION

IS GIVEN TO ALL KINDS OF

BUSINESS CIRCULARS,

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all kinds of

JOB WORK

IN A STYLE

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New Black Silks,
New Lustres,
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VERY, VERY CHEAP.

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New Valencia Raisins,

Choice Dried Apples.

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Dried Raspberries.

New Prunes, &c.

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KID GLOVES,

FOR EVENING WEAR.

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FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF BROKEN BREASTS.

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LUNG PROTECTORS,

The most comfortable, durable, and efficient

article of the kind now offered for sale.

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HAVE received this day

FRESH ORANGES,

LEMONS,

DATES.

FRESH OYSTERS received every evening,

and guaranteed good, at as low a figure as

the quality of the Oysters will admit.

J. S. CROTHERS,

Jan. 23, 1878.

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MOTTASHED BROS.,

East End Lower Bridge.

FOR the largest and best flavoured

OYSTERS

in the City.

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AT ALL HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE Money at lowest rates, in sum

to suit borrowers, and on easy terms.

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for building and completing a Ventril

to be built immediately. Apply for

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TORONTO,

Sole Agents for the Dominion for the

CELEBRATED PIANO FORTES

Stelway & Son,

Chickering & Son,

Dunham & Son,

Haines Bros.

Second-hand Instruments taken in exchange

Terms and prices liberal. Letters promptly

attended to. A. & S. NORDHEIMER,

1763A

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GENERAL

COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

No. 346 North Water Street,

PHILADELPHIA

W. K. will pay the highest market prices for

all of the following articles, or we will

sell them for you on five per cent. commission:

Flour, Wheat, Corn, Potatoes, Apples, Grapes, Raisins,

Peas, Beans, Lentils, Oats, Hay, Straw, &c.

Liberal cash advances made on large consignments

of staple articles. Farmers, merchants and others

in general merchandise, should write for

reference to Hull & Scottney, or to

W. K. writing as, state whether you wish to ship on

consignment, or sell; if you wish to sell, name

the article, amount of each, and your very

lowest price for same, delivered (f.o.b. free

also, if possible, send sample by mail, if too

bulky by freight. Address

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The most comfortable, durable, and efficient

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JAS. H. HANLEY,

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THE FRONT ST. CONFECTIONERY

AND RESTAURANT.

HAVE received this

FRESH ORANGES,

LEMONS,

DATES.

FRESH OYSTERS received every evening,

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N. B. - Lunches a specialty. Also fresh

meats every Saturday.

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Hot Meals and Lunches,

AT ALL HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE Money at lowest rates, in sum

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PETERSON & PETERSON,

Barristers, &c.

Office Corner Bridge and Front Sts. 76dAw

TENDERS.

THE undersigned will receive tenders

for building and completing a Yacht

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BARRISTERS, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors

in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.

James J. A. Flint. MORGAN JELLEY.

Belleville, Ont.

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TREASURER'S

SALE OF LANDS

IN ARRANGING FOR

TAXES.

COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

TO WIT:

BY VIRTUE of a Warrant issued under

of the last of the Warden of the County

of Hastings, and the Seal of the said County,

bearing date the twenty-sixth day of Decem-

ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand

eight hundred and seventy-seven, and to me

directed and conveyed, I, the undersigned,

the arrears of taxes due for three years and

over, upon the lands hereinafter mentioned

and described, as being in the County of

Hastings.

These are therefore to give notice that un-

less the arrears and costs are sooner paid, I

shall on

TUESDAY,

The 16th day of April next,

AT THE HOUR OF

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

MONDAY, Nov. 12, 1877.

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THE EASTERN WAR.

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HAINES & LOCKETT,

DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, & CO.

CITY BOOT STORE,

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BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, CHURCH'S BUILDING,

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DRY GOODS.

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AND RESTAURANT,

HAVE received this day

FRESH ORANGES,

LEMONS,

DATES.

FRESH OYSTERS received every evening,

and guaranteed good, at a low figure and

quality of the Oysters will admit.

N. B.—LUNCHES a specialty. Also fresh

made Cakes every Saturday.

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Hot Meals and Lunches,

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